

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

CHINA.

Report from Hongkong—Cholera—No communicable diseases.

Passed Assistant Surgeon McMullen reports, November 12, as follows: Week ended November 7, 1903: Ten vessels, with 844 crew and 883 passengers (195 cabin and 688 steerage), were inspected and granted bills of health; 414 crew and 598 steerage were bathed and their baggage disinfected—1,025 pieces; one vessel was fumigated to kill rats.

During the time covered by this report there were no communicable diseases reported.

Immigrants recommended for rejection.

Nineteen immigrants per steamship *China* for San Francisco were recommended, November 5, for rejection on account of trachoma.

CUBA.

Report from Habana.

Assistant Surgeon Trotter reports, December 10, as follows: Week ended December 5, 1903:

Vessels inspected and issued bills of health	30
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected	1.082
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected	465
Pieces of freight inspected	750

Mortuary report of Habana for week ended December 5, 1903.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
uberculosis	. 18
neumonia	. 4
ronchitis	
carlet fever	. 4
Ieningitis	. :
etanus	
falarial fever	
Interitis	
ancer	_

Total deaths from all causes, 110.

$Report\ from\ Matanzas. -Diphtheria.$

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nunez reports, December 14, as follows: Week ended December 12, 1903. Two bills of health were issued to vessels leaving for the United States.